AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently amended) A method for determining whether [[a]] an HIV-1 has an increased likelihood of being hypersusceptible to treatment with amprenivir, comprising: detecting whether the protease encoded by said HIV exhibits the presence or absence of a mutation associated with hypersusceptibility to treatment with amprenivir at amino acid position corresponding to position 39, 65, 69 or 89 of SEQ ID NO:1, wherein the mutation at amino acid position corresponding to position 39 of SEQ ID NO:1 is S, the mutation corresponding to position 65 at SEQ ID NO:1 is K, and the amino acid corresponding to position 89 of SEQ ID NO:1 is M, and wherein the presence of said mutation indicates that the HIV has an increased likelihood of being hypersusceptible to treatment with amprenivir.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the protease has a sequence that is greater than 80% identical to SEQ ID NO:1.
- 3. (Currently amended) A method for determining whether an individual infected with HIV-1 has an increased likelihood of being hypersusceptible to treatment with amprenivir, comprising detecting, in a sample from said individual, the presence or absence of a mutation associated with hypersusceptibility to treatment with amprenivir at an amino acid position 39, 65, 69 or 89 of SEQ ID NO:1, wherein the mutation corresponding to position 39 of SEQ ID NO:1 is S, the mutation at amino acid position corresponding to position 65 of SEQ ID NO:1 is D, the mutation at amino acid position corresponding to position 69 of SEQ ID NO:1 is K, and the mutation at amino acid position corresponding to position 89 of SEQ ID NO:1 is M, and wherein the presence of said mutation indicates that the individual has an increased likelihood of being hypersusceptible to treatment with amprenivir.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the protease has a sequence that is greater than 80% identical to SEQ ID NO:1.
- 5-17. (Canceled).
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the individual is undergoing or has undergone prior treatment with an anti-viral drug.

19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the method comprises detecting the presence or absence of a mutation associated with hypersusceptibility to treatment with inhibitor at least 2, 3, or 4 of the amino acid positions.

20-21. (Canceled).